Management's Discussion and Analysis and Financial Statements Together With Independent Auditors' Report

For the Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

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Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

As management of West Village and Millennium Hall Student Housing at Towson University (the Project), a project of Maryland Economic Development Corporation (MEDCO), we offer readers of the Project's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Project for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023. Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to (a) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (b) provide an overview of the Project's financial activity, and (c) identify changes in the Project's financial position. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the Project's financial statements and accompanying notes.

Financial Highlights

The financial highlights of the Project for the year ended June 30, 2024 were as follows:

- The Project's net position is a deficit of \$6,007,000 as of June 30, 2024 as a result of a cumulative excess of net non-operating expenses, primarily interest expense and loss on retirement of capital assets, over operating income on a cumulative basis.
- Occupancy ranged between 94.6% and 99.1% for West Village Student Housing and 93.8% and 99.8% for Millennium Hall Student Housing during the academic year, with an average of 98.0% and 98.6% for West Village Student Housing and Millennium Hall Student Housing, respectively.
- The Project incurred \$760,000 of right to use building additions primarily on the purchase of building and improvement of \$391,000, and furniture, fixtures and equipment of \$369,000.

The financial highlights of the Project for the year ended June 30, 2023 were as follows:

- The Project's net position is a deficit of \$7,910,000 as of June 30, 2023 as a result of a cumulative excess of net non-operating expenses, primarily interest expense and loss on retirement of capital assets, over operating income through 2022.
- Occupancy ranged between 96.4% and 99.6% for West Village Student Housing and 90.5% and 99.5% for Millennium Hall Student Housing during the academic year, with an average of 98.1% and 96.8% for West Village Student Housing and Millennium Hall Student Housing, respectively
- The Project incurred \$396,000 of right to use building additions primarily on the purchase of building and improvement of \$110,000, and furniture, fixtures and equipment of \$286,000.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

Overview of the Financial Statements

This MD&A is intended to serve as an introduction to the Project's financial statements. The Project is intended to be a self-supporting entity and follows enterprise fund reporting; accordingly, the financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Enterprise fund statements offer short-term and long-term financial information about the activities and operations of the Project.

These statements are presented in a manner similar to a private business such as a commercial real estate project. The Project's statements consist of two parts: the financial statements and notes to the financial statements.

The Financial Statements

The Project's financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of its finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statements of net position present information on all of the Project's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. In 2007, MEDCO issued limited obligation revenue bonds to provide capital financing for construction of West Village Student Housing at Towson University. The proceeds were deposited with a trustee and invested, generally in United States government or agency securities, until disbursed for the acquisition or construction of capital assets or retained for the establishment of certain required reserves. In 2012, MEDCO issued limited obligation revenue bonds to acquire the Millennium Hall leasehold estate. The proceeds were used to redeem bonds originally issued to design, construct and furnish Millennium Hall Student Housing at Towson University. The 2007 and 2012 revenue bonds were issued in MEDCO's name; however, MEDCO has no obligation for the bonds beyond the resources of the Project.

The statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position present the operating activities of the Project and sources of non-operating revenues and expenses.

The statements of cash flows present summarized sources and uses of funds for the Project. Cash flows from operating activities generally represent the results of leasing and operating the Project, exclusive of interest income and expense. Cash flows from capital and related financing and investing activities generally reflect the incurrence of debt obligations, the subsequent investment of debt proceeds in the Project, periodic principal and interest payments on the debt and earnings on investments.

The Project is owned by MEDCO; however, at the end of the ground lease, ownership of the Project will revert to the University System of Maryland.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 13 - 28 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

Financial Analysis of West Village and Millennium Hall Student Housing at Towson University

The following table summarizes the Project's financial position as of June 30,:

	2024	2023	2022
Current assets	\$ 4,911,675	\$ 5,530,507	\$ 5,030,716
Other assets	25,814,743	26,767,918	28,031,316
Total Assets	30,726,418	32,298,425	33,062,032
Current liabilities	4,086,332	5,244,900	5,583,455
Non-current liabilities	32,038,283	34,230,961	36,351,185
Total Liabilities	36,124,615	39,475,861	41,934,640
Deferred inflow of resources	609,184	732,327	728,671
Net investments in capital assets	(15,111,018)	(15,680,660)	(15,832,517)
Restricted under trust indenture	9,103,637	7,770,897	6,231,238
Total Net Position	\$ (6,007,381)	\$ (7,909,763)	\$ (9,601,279)

Significant factors in the changes in the Project's financial position for the year ended June 30, 2024 include:

- Current assets decreased \$619,000 primarily due to a decrease in cash and cash equivalents of \$504,000 and due to a decrease in deposits with bond trustee of \$130,000 due to pending transfers from the management fee fund and deposits made to the subordinated debt fund.
- Other assets decreased \$953,000 primarily due to current year amortization on right to use buildings of \$2,105,000. This decrease was partially offset by an increase in the repair and replacement trust fund of \$1,304,000 primarily due to current year deposits made to the repair and replacement fund per the trust indenture exceeding capital expenditures.
- Current liabilities decreased \$1,159,000 primarily due to a decrease in accounts payable and accrued interest of \$1,201,000 and \$42,000, respectively. These decreases were partially offset by an increase in bonds payable of \$85,000.
- Non-current liabilities decreased \$2,193,000 due to bond payable payments of \$1,960,000 becoming current for the Project, and current year amortization of the bond issue premium, which totaled \$233,000.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

Financial Analysis of West Village and Millennium Hall Student Housing at Towson University – continued

• Net position increased \$1,902,000 because of the Project's operating income of \$3,047,000 over net non-operating expenses of \$1,145,000.

Significant factors in the changes in the Project's financial position for the year ended June 30, 2023 include:

- Current assets increased \$500,000 primarily due to an increase in cash and cash equivalents of \$278,000 and due to an increase in deposits with bond trustee of \$202,000.
- Other assets decreased \$1,263,000 primarily due to amortization on right to use buildings of \$2,200,000. This decrease was partially offset by an increase in the repair and replacement trust fund of \$88,000, primarily due to current year deposits made to the repair and replacement fund per the trust indenture exceeding capital expenditures, as well as an increase in the surplus fund of \$559,000, primarily due to current year transfers made from the revenue fund to the surplus fund.
- Current liabilities decreased \$339,000 primarily due to a decrease in accounts payable of \$367,000 that was derived from operations in past years. Additionally, a decrease in accrued interest of \$36,000 also contributed to the change in current liabilities. These decreases were partially offset by an increase in bonds payable of \$65,000.
- Non-current liabilities decreased \$2,120,000 as a result of the \$1,875,000 of scheduled bond principal payments becoming current and the amortization of the bond issue premium, which totaled \$245,000.
- Net position increased \$1,692,000 as a result of the Project's operating income of \$2,962,000 over net non-operating expenses of \$1,270,000.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

Financial Analysis of West Village and Millennium Hall Student Housing at Towson University - continued

The following table summarizes the Project's revenues and expenses for the years ended June 30,:

	2024	2023	2022
Operating Revenues:			
Apartment rentals	\$ 10,332,42	\$ 9,816,682	\$ 7,788,669
Other	394,29	91 359,802	233,444
Total Operating Revenues	10,726,7	19 10,176,484	8,022,113
Operating Expenses:			
Property operating costs	3,721,20	60 3,253,117	2,615,328
Management and service fees	509,4	70 473,908	431,710
Administrative and general	1,182,2	77 1,132,768	1,084,107
Sales and marketing	107,00	02 100,641	33,563
Ground rent	54,54	45 54,545	54,545
Amortization	2,104,74	2,199,924	2,165,306
Total Operating Expenses	7,679,30	7,214,903	6,384,559
Operating Income	3,047,4	19 2,961,581	1,637,554
Non-operating Expenses, net	(1,145,0)	(1,270,065)	(1,437,948)
Change in Net Position	1,902,3	1,691,516	199,606
Net Position, beginning of year Net Position, end of year	(7,909,70 \$ (6,007,33		(9,800,885) \$(9,601,279)

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

Financial Analysis of West Village and Millennium Hall Student Housing at Towson University – continued

Significant factors in the results for the year ended June 30, 2024 include:

- Occupancy ranged between 94.6% and 99.1% for West Village Student Housing and 93.8% and 99.8% for Millennium Hall Student Housing during the academic year, with an average of 98.0% and 98.6% for West Village Student Housing and Millennium Hall Student Housing, respectively. During fiscal year 2022, occupancy ranged between 77.4% and 82.9% for West Village Student Housing and 86.2% and 89.1% for Millenium Hall Student Housing during the academic yar.
- Operating revenues increased \$550,000 due to an increase in apartment revenue of \$516,000 primarily as a result of increased occupancy and rental rates.
- Property operating costs increased \$468,000 primarily as a result of higher occupancy levels leading to increases in the services and staff needed to operate the facility.

Significant factors in the results for the year ended June 30, 2023 include:

- Occupancy ranged between 96.4% and 99.6% for West Village Student Housing and 90.5% and 99.5% for Millennium Hall Student Housing during the academic year, with an average of 95.8% and 97.0% for West Village Student Housing and Millennium Hall Student Housing, respectively.
- Operating revenues increased \$2,154,000 due to an increase in apartment rental revenue of \$2,028,000 primarily as a result of the continued recovery from negative impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on occupancy. Additionally, this increase has been buoyed by an increase in other revenue of \$126,000 primarily due to funds received in the form of late fees, lease cancellations, parking, and electronic service fees.
- Property operating costs increased \$638,000 primarily as a result of higher occupancy levels leading to increases in the services and staff needed to operate the facility.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

In 2007, MEDCO was requested to assist in the development of a student housing project for Towson University through issuance of its tax-exempt bonds. The proceeds of the bonds were used for the initial design, construction and furnishing of West Village Student Housing at Towson University.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

Capital Asset and Debt Administration - continued

Capital Assets - cont'd.

In 2012, Millennium Hall Student Housing at Towson University was acquired. In conjunction with the purchase of the Millennium Hall leasehold estate, \$15,545,000 of proceeds from the issuance of the Series 2012 bonds were used to redeem the Millennium Hall Series 1999A bonds originally issued to design, construct and furnish the project. An acquisition value of approximately \$13,676,000 was assigned to the Millennium Hall Student Housing assets, which is equal to the redemption price of the Series 1999A bonds adjusted for cash balances in trust and operating accounts as well as other rights and obligations associated with the operation of the facility that were acquired with the project. These capital events were reclassified as right to use buildings asset in accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) No. 94.

The most significant capital asset events during the year ended June 30, 2024 were the replacement of a chiller for \$190,000 and the replacement of sprinkler heads for \$142,000. Several minor capital asset events during the year ended June 30, 2024 were the purchase of computer lab repairs resulting in a total addition to the building asset class of \$82,000, the purchase of furniture, fixtures and equipment of \$148,000, and the repair of mechanical systems for \$154,000. The most significant capital asset events during the year ended June 30, 2023 were the replacement of a chiller for \$164,000 and the replacement of a boiler for \$139,000. Several minor capital asset events during the year ended June 30, 2023 were the purchase of a water supply meter and flood repairs totaling a total addition to the building asset class of \$44,000, the purchase of furniture, fixtures and equipment of \$27,000, and the repair of mechanical systems for \$16,800.

Debt

As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Project had total bond debt outstanding, net of unamortized bond discount and premium, of \$33,998,000 and \$36,106,000, respectively. None of this debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the State of Maryland or MEDCO. The debt is secured solely by the revenues and assets of the Project.

In May 2017, the Series 2007A bonds were refunded and funds were deposited with the bond trustee for upcoming renovations to the Millennium Hall Student Housing building envelope and HVAC system with proceeds from the issuance of the Series 2017 bonds. Additional information relating to the refunding is provided in Note 4 to the financial statements.

Contacting Management of MEDCO

This report is designed to provide Maryland citizens and taxpayers, and our customers, clients, investors and creditors, with a general overview of the finances of West Village and Millennium Hall Student Housing at Towson University. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact Maryland Economic Development Corporation, 7 St. Paul Street, Suite 940, Baltimore, MD 21202.



Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors of Maryland Economic Development Corporation:

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of West Village and Millennium Hall Student Housing at Towson University (the Project), a project of Maryland Economic Development Corporation (MEDCO) (a Maryland corporation), as of and for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of West Village and Millennium Hall Student Housing at Towson University, a project of MEDCO, as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of West Village and Millennium Hall Student Housing at Towson University, a project of MEDCO, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about West Village and Millennium Hall Student Housing at Towson University, a project of MEDCO's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of West Village and Millennium Hall Student Housing at Towson University, a project of MEDCO's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about West Village and Millennium Hall Student Housing at Towson University, a project of MEDCO's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements present only the financial position, changes in financial position and cash flows of the Project and do not purport to, and do not present fairly the financial position of MEDCO as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 1 through 7 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

SciH attest Services, P.C.

September 27, 2024

	Statements	of Net Position
As of June 30,	2024	2023
Assets		
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,978,888	\$ 2,483,336
Deposits with bond trustee - restricted	2,764,177	2,894,221
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of		
\$614,395 and \$2,340,322, respectively	52,280	43,711
Prepaid expenses and other assets	116,330	109,239
Total Current Assets	4,911,675	5,530,507
Non-current Assets		
Deposits with bond trustee - restricted	6,046,731	5,392,589
Right to use buildings, net of accumulated amortization of	0,010,731	3,372,307
\$27,196,506 and \$25,331,949, respectively	19,004,376	20,557,148
Other assets	763,636	818,181
Total Non-current Assets	25,814,743	26,767,918
	- 7- 7: -	-)) -
Total Assets	30,726,418	32,298,425
Liabilities and Net Position		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	1,248,757	2,450,075
Accrued interest	804,175	846,425
Related party advance	73,400	73,400
Bonds payable	1,960,000	1,875,000
Total Current Liabilities	4,086,332	5,244,900
Non-current Liabilities		
Bonds payable	32,038,283	34,230,961
Total Liabilities	36,124,615	39,475,861
Deferred Inflow of Resources		
Deferred advance refunding gain	117,111	131,847
Rents and fees collected in advance	492,073	600,480
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	609,184	732,327
Commitments and Contingencies (Note 5)		
Net Position		
Net investments in capital assets	(15,111,018)	(15,680,660)
Restricted under trust indenture	9,103,637	7,770,897
Total Net Position	\$ (6,007,381)	\$ (7,909,763)

Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

For the Years Ended June 30,	2024	2023
One meeting Deventures		
Operating Revenues:	¢ 10 222 420	\$ 9,816,682
Apartment rentals Other	\$ 10,332,428 394,291	\$ 9,816,682 359,802
Other	377,271	337,602
Total Operating Revenues	10,726,719	10,176,484
Operating Expenses:		
Property operating costs	3,721,260	3,253,117
Management and service fees	509,470	473,908
Administrative and general	1,182,277	1,132,768
Sales and marketing	107,002	100,641
Ground rent	54,545	54,545
Amortization	2,104,746	2,199,924
Total Operating Expenses	7,679,300	7,214,903
Operating Income	3,047,419	2,961,581
Non-operating Revenues (Expenses):		
Interest income	424,206	277,283
Loss on retirement of capital assets	(208,307)	(114,992)
Interest expense	(1,360,936)	(1,432,356)
Total Non-operating Expenses, net	(1,145,037)	(1,270,065)
Change in Net Position	1,902,382	1,691,516
Net Position, beginning of year	(7,909,763)	(9,601,279)
Net Position, end of year	\$ (6,007,381)	\$ (7,909,763)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statements	of	Cash	Flows
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		Statements	of (Cash Flows
For the Years Ended June 30,		2024		2023
Cash Flows From Operating Activities				
Cash received from tenants	\$	10,553,144	\$	10,082,494
Cash paid for operating expenses	Ψ	(6,671,819)	Ψ	(5,234,916)
Cush para for operating expenses		(0,071,015)		(3,231,310)
Net Cash and Cash Equivalents Provided by Operating Activities		3,881,325		4,847,578
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities				
Right to use buildings expenditures		(760,281)		(396,279)
Bond principal payments		(1,875,000)		(1,810,000)
Interest paid		(1,650,600)		(1,729,050)
Net Cash and Cash Equivalents Used in Capital and Related				
Financing Activities		(4,285,881)		(3,935,329)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities				
Net sales of deposits with bond trustee		(524,098)		(911,380)
Interest received		424,206		277,283
Net Cash and Cash Equivalents Used in Investing Activities		(99,892)		(634,097)
Net (Decrease) Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(504,448)		278,152
Cash and Cash Equivalents, beginning of year		2,483,336		2,205,184
Cash and Cash Equivalents, end of year	\$	1,978,888	\$	2,483,336
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash and cash equivalents provided				
by operating activities:	Ф	2 0 47 410	Ф	2 0 6 1 5 0 1
Operating income	\$	3,047,419	\$	2,961,581
Adjustment to reconcile operating income to net cash and cash equivalents				
provided by operating activities: Amortization		2 104 746		2 100 024
Provision for doubtful accounts		2,104,746		2,199,924
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		56,599		91,118
Accounts receivable		(65,168)		(112.016
Prepaid expenses and other assets		47,454		(112,916) 56,300
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		(1,201,318)		(367,355)
Rents and fees collected in advance				18,926
Kents and fees confected in advance		(108,407)		10,920
Net Cash and Cash Equivalents Provided by Operating Activities	\$	3,881,325	\$	4,847,578
Non-cash capital and related financing activities:				
Non-cash capital and related financing activities: Amortization of issue premium on bonds	\$	232,678	\$	245,224

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND RELATED MATTERS

Ownership and Management

West Village and Millennium Hall Student Housing at Towson University (the Project), located in Towson, Maryland, is a project of the Maryland Economic Development Corporation (MEDCO). The Project consists of 668 dormitory style beds and 420 apartment style beds and is located on land leased from the State of Maryland on behalf of Towson University (TU). West Village Student Housing accepted its first residents in August 2008. Millennium Hall Student Housing, which accepted its first residents in the fall of 2000, was acquired by MEDCO in July 2012.

Effective May 30, 2007, MEDCO entered into a management agreement with Capstone On-Campus Management, LLC (COCM) pursuant to which COCM provides certain management, leasing and administrative services for the Project. The agreement had a term of ten years, expiring June 30, 2017, and provided for a fee beginning on January 1, 2008 of \$12,500 per month, increased by a factor equal to the change in the Consumer Price Index as defined for each consecutive year thereafter. The agreement was consolidated, amended and restated on July 26, 2012 in conjunction with the acquisition of Millennium Hall Student Housing. The amended, consolidated and restated agreement provides for a fee of \$25,000 per month beginning on July 1, 2012, increased by a factor equal to the change in Consumer Price Index as defined for each consecutive year thereafter. The amended, consolidated, and restated agreement expired on June 30, 2018, however, the agreement was amended on June 29, 2018 to extend the term through June 30, 2019, continuing thereafter for successive one year terms unless sooner terminated. Subject to the provisions of the agreement, 25% of the fee is subordinated and paid in two installments, January and July of each lease year beginning January 2013, to the extent that revenues are available after payment of debt service and other items as defined. Any portion of the fee earned but not paid in one lease year may be carried over for payment in the next year in which revenues are sufficient for such purpose. Management fee expense was \$398,907 and \$387,404, for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Management fees payable totaled \$106,792 and \$409,985 as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, and are included in accounts payable and accrued expenses on the accompanying statements of net position.

Pursuant to the trust indenture dated May 1, 2007, first supplemental trust indenture dated July 1, 2012, and second supplemental trust indenture dated May 1, 2017, MEDCO is entitled to an issuer's fee and an administrative service fee for administrative support and other services provided. The issuer's fee is 0.1% of the principal amount of the outstanding bonds. Any issuer fee not paid within 10 days of the release date is subject to an additional fee equal to the Wall Street Journal prime rate plus 4.0%. The administrative fee is 0.5% of revenues, paid in arrears. Issuer's fees were \$32,360 and administrative fees were \$55,755 for the year ended June 30, 2024. Issuer's fees were \$34,235 and administrative fees were \$52,269 for the year ended June 30, 2023. Interest incurred on past due administrative fees totaled \$22,448 and \$0 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Issuer's and administrative fees payable, including interest, totaled \$81,335 and \$165,397 as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, and are included in accounts payable and accrued expenses on the accompanying statements of net position.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND RELATED MATTERS – continued

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements present the financial position, changes in financial position, and cash flows of the Project based on amounts specifically identifiable in MEDCO's accounting records. The Project is a project of MEDCO and as such all financial data presented herein is also included in the financial statements of MEDCO as of and for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023. However, the accompanying financial statements present only the Project and do not purport to, and do not, present the financial position of MEDCO as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. MEDCO utilizes the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting in preparing its financial statements, wherein revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Also, in preparing its financial statements, MEDCO has adopted Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements.

Recently Adopted Accounting Principles

Effective July 1, 2023, the Project adopted GASB issued Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences (GASB 101). The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. This Statement requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for (1) leave that has not been used and (2) leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through non-cash means. This new guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023 and should be applied retrospectively. Early adoption is permitted. The Project elected to early adopt GASB 101 during the year ended June 30, 2024. There was no effect on operating income or net position as a result of the adoption of GASB 101.

Effective July 1, 2022, the Project adopted GASB Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements* (GASB No. 94), which improves financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnerships (PPP) and provides guidance for accounting and financial reporting for availability payment arrangements (APA). A PPP is an arrangement in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an operator (a governmental or nongovernmental entity) to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital assets (the underlying PPP asset), for a period of time in an exchange or exchange like transaction. Some PPPs meet the definition of a service concession arrangement (SCA), in which (1) the operator collects and is compensated by fees from third parties; (2) the transferor determines or has the ability to modify or approve which services the operator is required to provide, to whom the operator is required to provide the services, and the prices or rates that can be charged for the services; and (3) the transferor is entitled to significant residual interest in the service utility of the underlying PPP asset at the end of the arrangement.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND RELATED MATTERS – continued

Recently Adopted Accounting Principles - continued

GASB 94 also provides specific guidance in financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus for a government that is an operator in a PPP that either (1) meets the definition of an SCA or (2) is not within the scope of GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases* (GASB 87).

An operator should report an intangible right-to-use asset related to an underlying PPP asset that either is owned by the transferor or is the underlying asset of an SCA. Measurement of the right-to-use asset should be the amount of consideration to be provided to the transferor, plus any payments made to the transferor at or before the commencement of the PPP term, and certain direct costs.

For an underlying PPP asset that is not owned by the transferor and is not the underlying asset of an SCA, an operator should recognize a liability measured based on the estimated carrying value of the underlying PPP asset as of the expected date of the transfer in ownership. In addition, an operator should recognize a liability for installment payments, if any, to be made to the transferor in relation to the PPP. Measurement of a liability for installment payments should be at the present value of the payments expected to be made during the PPP term. An operator also should recognize a deferred outflow of resources for the consideration provided or to be provided to the transferor as part of the PPP. Expense should be recognized by an operator in a systematic and rational manner over the PPP term. GASB 94 requires that PPPs that meet the definition of a lease apply the guidance in GASB 87, if existing assets of the transferor that are not required to be improved by the operator as part of the PPP arrangement are the only underlying PPP assets and the PPP does not meet the definition of an SCA.

Additionally, GASB 94 requires a government that engaged in an APA that contains multiple components to recognize each component as a separate arrangement. An APA that is related to operating or maintaining a nonfinancial asset should be reported by a government as an outflow of resources in the period to which payments relate. GASB 94 requires the retrospective approach to adopt this guidance, which requires a restatement for all prior periods presented. In accordance with GASB 94, the arrangements between MEDCO and the City of Towson qualifies as a public-public partnership requiring the Project to recognize the capital assets associated with the arrangements as an intangible asset (Note 3). The Project previously reported the capital assets associated with the arrangement as an intangible asset in accordance with GASB Statement No. 60, Accounting and financial Reporting for Service Concession Arrangements (GASB 60), which has been amended by GASB 94. Accordingly, there was no impact on operating income or net position as a result of the adoption of GASB 94.

Effective July 1, 2021, the Project adopted GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (GASB No. 96), which modifies the guidance for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITA's) accounting. Under this statement, a government generally should recognize a right-to-use subscription asset – an intangible asset – and a corresponding subscription liability.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND RELATED MATTERS – continued

Recently Adopted Accounting Principles - continued

The subscription liability should be initially measured at the present value of subscription payments expected to be made during the subscription term. The subscription asset should be initially measured as the sum of (1) the initial subscription liability amount, (2) payments made to the SBITA vendor before commencement term, and (3) capitalizable implementation costs, less any incentives received from the SBITA vendor at or before the commencement of the subscription term. GASB No. 96 requires the retrospective approach to adopt this guidance, which requires a restatement for all prior periods presented. There was no effect on operating income or net position as a result of the adoption of GASB No. 96.

Public-Public Partnership with the University System of Maryland

In 2007, MEDCO was requested to assist in the development of West Village Student Housing, a student housing project for Towson University. The land underlying the Project is leased from the City of Towson and title to the Project will revert to the State of Maryland upon termination of the lease. MEDCO will operate, collect revenues and pay expenses of the Project for the duration of the lease term. In accordance with GASB 94 the arrangement between MEDCO and the City of Towson qualifies as a PPP that meets the definition of a SCA. GASB 94 requires that the Project recognize the cost of the parking garages as an intangible asset, which will be amortized using the straight line method over the shorter of the life of the lease agreement or the useful life of the asset pursuant to the PPP arrangement. The intangible asset is reflected a right to use building in the accompanying statements of net position as of June 30, 2024 and 2023.

PPP's are evaluated for impairment on an annual basis under GASB Statement No. 51, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Impairment of Intangibles (GASB 51). GASB 51 requires an evaluation of prominent events or changes in circumstances affecting intangibles to determine whether impairment of an intangible has occurred. Such events or changes in circumstances that may be indicative of impairment include expedited deterioration of an associated tangible asset, changes in the terms or status of a contract associated with an intangible asset, and a change from an indefinite to a finite useful life. As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, management does not believe that the SCA meets the criteria for impairment as set forth in GASB 51.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses recognized during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND RELATED MATTERS – continued

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Short-term investments with maturities of three months or less at date of purchase are classified as cash equivalents, except that any such investments purchased with funds on deposit with the bond trustee are classified with such deposits.

The Project maintains substantially all of its cash with one commercial bank. Accounts are guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) up to \$250,000 per depositor. The Project periodically maintains cash balances in excess of FDIC coverage. Management considers this to be a normal business risk. The Project is required by Section 17-101(d) of The Local Government Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland to collateralize deposits in banks in excess of federal deposit insurance. Satisfactory collateral is enumerated at Section 6-202 of the State Finance and Procurement Article of the Code. As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, bank deposits were properly collateralized.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable represents past due rent and various fees charged to residents. The Project provides an allowance for doubtful accounts based on the estimated collectability of residents' accounts. Management's evaluation is based upon analysis of past-due accounts and historical collection experience. The allowance for doubtful accounts totaled \$614,395 and \$2,340,322 as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Accounts receivable are written off when it is determined that amounts are uncollectible.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

A deferred inflow of resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Project recognized rents and fees collected in advance, which do not meet the availability criteria, as a deferred inflow of resources on the accompanying statements of net position. As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Project also recognized a deferred advance refunding gain, which does not meet the availability criteria, as a deferred inflow of resources on the accompanying statements of net position.

Net Position

Net position is presented as either net investments in capital assets or restricted under the trust indenture. Net investments in capital assets represents the difference between the right to use buildings and the related debt obligations. Restricted under trust indenture represents the difference between net investments in capital assets and total net position, as all other funds are restricted as to their use under the terms of the trust indenture.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND RELATED MATTERS – continued

Revenue Recognition

The Project's revenues are derived primarily from leasing of apartments. Revenues are recognized monthly over the terms of the respective leases.

Classification of Revenues and Expenses

Revenues and expenses related to the day-to-day activities of the Project are reported as operating revenues and expenses. Other revenues and expenses, consisting primarily of interest income and interest expense, are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Advertising Costs

Advertising costs are expensed as incurred. Advertising expenses were \$79,391 and \$79,903 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, and are included in sales and marketing expenses within the accompanying statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

Income Taxes

MEDCO qualifies for tax-exempt status under Section 501(c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code and Section 10-104 of the Tax-General Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes or income tax benefits is included in the accompanying financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

2. DEPOSITS WITH BOND TRUSTEE

Pursuant to the provisions of the trust indenture relating to the bonds payable (Note 4), deposits with bond trustee include the following reserve funds and restricted accounts as of June 30,:

2024	2023
\$ -	\$ 15,309
1,960,000	1,875,000
804,175	846,425
-	157,485
2	2
2,764,177	2,894,221
2,472,685	1,168,221
1	1
-	558,823
3,574,045	3,665,544
6,046,731	5,392,589
\$ 8,810,908	\$ 8,286,810
	\$ - 1,960,000 804,175 - 2 2 2,764,177 2,472,685 1 - 3,574,045 6,046,731

The trust indenture authorizes MEDCO or its trustee bank to invest the deposits as detailed under *Credit Risk* below. Interest earned on these investments was approximately \$424,000 and \$277,000 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Investments of deposits with bond trustee are carried at fair value, except that non-participating investment contracts (i.e., contracts which are not able to realize market-based increases or decreases in value under any circumstance) are carried at cost. Investments of deposits with bond trustee are summarized as follows as of June 30,:

	2024	2023
Forward delivery agreement with Wells Fargo bearing interest at		
5.76% and maturing on June 1, 2029	\$ 723,430	\$ 723,430
Money market funds	8,087,478	7,563,380
Total deposits with bond trustee	\$ 8,810,908	\$ 8,286,810

Notes to Financial Statements For the Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

2. DEPOSITS WITH BOND TRUSTEE – continued

The project obtained a bond rating of BBB- Stable and BB+ Positive as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

The deposits with bond trustee are subject to certain risks including the following:

Interest Rate Risk — The trustee has limited investments to mutual funds that invest in US government securities that can be liquidated at any time to meet the cash flow requirements of the Project, a fixed rate investment contract that is guaranteed as to the face of the investment as a means of managing interest rate risk and short term US Treasury notes and government obligation bonds which are subject to minimal interest rate risk due to their short term nature. As a result, the Project is not subject to significant interest rate risk.

Credit Risk — The Project's trust indenture limits MEDCO's investments to government obligations; obligations of federal agencies; certificates of deposit issued by and time deposits with commercial banks, trust companies or savings and loan associations; repurchase agreements for government obligations; obligations issued by the Federal National Mortgage Association and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation; senior debt obligations of the Federal Home Loan Bank System; commercial paper; US Dollar denominated deposit accounts; money market funds; public sector investment pools so long as MEDCO's deposit does not exceed 5% of the aggregate pool balance at any time; bonds or other obligations of any state of the United States of America, agency, instrumentality or local government unit of any such state which are not callable at the option of the obligor prior to maturity; general obligations of states; and investment agreements. As defined in the trust indenture, certain investments listed above must meet specific requirements to be a qualifying investment, such as high rating qualifications based on information from the major rating agencies, collateralization requirements, guaranteed repayment, and maturity requirements. The Project's investments were in compliance with these limitations as of June 30, 2024 and 2023.

Concentrations of Credit Risk – MEDCO's investment policy does not limit the amount that may be invested in any one issuer except for public sector pool funds as described under Credit Risk above. The Project held no investments in public sector pool funds as of June 30, 2024 and 2023.

Custodial Risk – MEDCO is not subject to custodial risk because mutual funds are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical form and all other deposits are held in the Project's name.

As of July 1, 2012 the first supplemental trust indenture required the project to set aside \$235 per bed per year for the West Village Student Housing building and \$300 per bed per year for the Millennium Hall Student Housing building, increasing annually by the greater of 3% or the recommendation of an independent engineer or independent architect, from cash flows for future capital repairs and replacement of furnishings and equipment. In accordance with the second supplemental trust indenture dated May 1, 2017, on the closing date of the Series 2017 bonds a one-time deposit was made to the replacement fund in the amount of \$411,505.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

2. DEPOSITS WITH BOND TRUSTEE – continued

The second supplemental trust indenture required the Project to set aside \$157, \$161, and \$327 per bed for the West Village Student Housing building and \$273, \$281, and \$546 per bed for the Millennium Hall Student Housing building for the years ended June 30, 2018, 2019, and 2020, respectively.

As of July 1, 2021, pursuant to an independent engineer's recommendation, the amount to be set aside was increased to \$371,118 annually for Millennium Hall Student Housing and \$339,155 annually for West Village Student Housing, increasing 3% per year thereafter. These funds are to be segregated in a separate account within the trust. As a result of an agreement reached with the University on the deferral of required deposits, the replacement fund was underfunded by \$835,000 and \$2,025,000 at June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

Investments are measured and reported at fair value and are classified and disclosed in one of the following categories:

- Level 1 Quoted prices are available in active markets for identical investments as of the reporting date.
- Level 2 Pricing inputs are other than quoted prices in active markets, which are either directly or indirectly observable as of the reporting date, and fair value is determined through the use of models or other valuation methodologies.
- Level 3 Pricing inputs are unobservable for the investment and includes situations where there is little, if any, market activity for the investment. The inputs into the determination of fair value require significant management judgment or estimation.

The following table sets forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, the Project's investments at fair value as of June 30, 2024:

	Level 1		Level 2	Lev	vel 3	Total
Investments by fair value level						
Debt securities						
Forward delivery agreement	\$	-	\$ 723,430	\$	-	\$ 723,430
Total investments by fair value level	\$	-	\$ 723,430	\$	-	\$ 723,430

Notes to Financial Statements For the Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

2. DEPOSITS WITH BOND TRUSTEE - continued

The following table sets forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, the Project's investments at fair value as of June 30, 2023:

	Level	l	Level 2	Lev	el 3	Total
Investments by fair value level						
Debt securities						
Forward delivery agreement	\$	-	\$ 723,430	\$	-	\$ 723,430
Total investments by fair value level	\$	-	\$ 723,430	\$	-	\$ 723,430

As described above, the Project's Level 2 investments are required to be invested in accordance with the trust indenture. As such, they must meet specific requirements to be a qualifying investment, such as high rating qualifications, collateralization requirements, guaranteed repayment, and maturity requirements. The Project's investments were in compliance with these limitations as of June 30, 2024 and 2023.

The Project also invests in a money market fund that has a remaining maturity of one year or less at the time of purchase. The investment in this fund is valued at cost, which approximates fair value, and totaled \$8,087,000 and \$7,563,000 of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Debt securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

3. RIGHT TO USE BUILDINGS

Pursuant to GASB 94, the PPP between MEDCO and the University System of Maryland, the Project has recorded a right to use buildings asset on the accompanying statements of net position. Under GASB 94, any costs of improvements made to the facility during the term of the service concession arrangement increase the right to use buildings asset. The Project has amortized the right to use buildings asset using the straight-line method based on the useful lives of the underlying asset to which the Project has the right to use. The portion of the right to use buildings asset attributable to the underlying buildings and improvements is being amortized over a useful life of 17 to 32 years and the portion attributable to furnishings and equipment is being amortized over 3 to 10 years using the straight-line method.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

3. RIGHT TO USE BUILDINGS - continued

Right to use buildings activity for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 is summarized as follows:

2024	Beginning balance	Additions	Retirements	Ending balance
Buildings and improvements	\$ 38,979,457	\$ 391,204	\$ (245,934)	\$ 39,124,727
Furnishings and equipment	6,909,640	369,077	(202,562)	7,076,155
	45,889,097	760,281	(448,496)	46,200,882
Less accumulated amortization:				
Buildings and improvements	(19,370,799)	(1,829,260)	169,317	(21,030,742)
Furnishings and equipment	(5,961,150)	(275,486)	70,872	(6,165,764)
	(25,331,949)	(2,104,746)	240,189	(27,196,506)
Right to use buildings, net	\$ 20,557,148	\$ (1,344,465)	\$ (208,307)	\$ 19,004,376
	Beginning			Ending
2023	Beginning balance	Additions	Retirements	Ending balance
2023 Buildings and improvements	0 0	Additions \$ 110,136	Retirements \$ (79,861)	O
	<u>balance</u>			balance
Buildings and improvements	balance \$ 38,949,182	\$ 110,136	\$ (79,861)	balance \$ 38,979,457
Buildings and improvements	balance \$ 38,949,182 6,787,815	\$ 110,136 286,143	\$ (79,861) (164,318)	balance \$ 38,979,457 6,909,640
Buildings and improvements Furnishings and equipment	balance \$ 38,949,182 6,787,815	\$ 110,136 286,143	\$ (79,861) (164,318)	balance \$ 38,979,457 6,909,640
Buildings and improvements Furnishings and equipment Less accumulated amortization:	balance \$ 38,949,182 6,787,815 45,736,997	\$ 110,136 286,143 396,279	\$ (79,861) (164,318) (244,179)	balance \$ 38,979,457 6,909,640 45,889,097
Buildings and improvements Furnishings and equipment Less accumulated amortization: Buildings and improvements	\$ 38,949,182 6,787,815 45,736,997 (17,590,573)	\$ 110,136 286,143 396,279 (1,818,550)	\$ (79,861) (164,318) (244,179) 38,324	balance \$ 38,979,457 6,909,640 45,889,097 (19,370,799)

Notes to Financial Statements For the Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

4. BONDS PAYABLE

Bonds payable consists of the following as of June 30,:

	2024	2023	
Series 2012 Term Bonds bearing interest at 5.00%			
and payable in annual sinking fund installments			
from July 1, 2023 through July 1, 2029	\$ 5,855,000	\$ 7,730,000	
Series 2017 Serial Bonds bearing interest at rates ranging	13,725,000	13,725,000	
from 4.00% to 5.00% and maturing from July 1, 2018			
through July 1, 2032			
Series 2017 Term Bonds bearing interest at 5.00%	5,280,000	5,280,000	
and payable in annual sinking fund installments			
from July 1, 2033 through July 1, 2036			
Series 2017 Term Bonds bearing interest at 5.00%	7,500,000	7,500,000	
and payable in annual sinking fund installments			
from July 1, 2033 through July 1, 2037			
Unamortized issue premium	1,638,283	1,870,961	
Total bonds payable	33,998,283	36,105,961	
Less: current portion	(1,960,000)	(1,875,000)	
Bonds payable, less current portion	\$ 32,038,283	\$ 34,230,961	

The bonds are secured by a deed of trust on the Project and a general assignment of related revenues and deposits. They are limited obligations of MEDCO and are payable solely from the Project's revenues, as defined in the trust indenture. Interest on the Series 2012 bonds is payable semiannually on January 1 and July 1 and aggregated approximately \$339,000 and \$387,000 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The issue premium is being amortized using the effective interest method.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

4. BONDS PAYABLE - continued

During May 2017 the Project issued \$30,625,000 of Series 2017 bonds. Interest on the Series 2017 bonds is payable semiannually on January 1 and July 1 with the first payment of interest in the amount of \$212,000 due in July 2017. Interest on the Series 2017 bonds is payable semiannually on January 1 and July 1 and aggregated approximately \$1,269,000 and \$1,306,000 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The original issue premium is being amortized using the effective interest method over the term of the bonds. The bonds are secured by a deed of trust on the Project and a general assignment of related revenues and deposits. They are limited obligations of MEDCO and are payable solely from the Project's revenues, as defined in the trust indenture.

The Project also recorded a deferred refunding gain of \$233,276 in accordance with GASB 23, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Refundings of Debt Reported by Proprietary Activities. The deferred refunding gain is the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt on the date of refunding. This cost is being amortized to interest expense using the effective interest method over the term of the Series 2017 bonds. In accordance with GASB 65, the deferred advance refunding gain is classified as a deferred inflow of resources on the accompanying statements of net position.

Upon issuance and delivery of the Series 2017 bonds, the Project redeemed its outstanding Series 2007A bonds in the total principal amount of \$26,530,000. The net proceeds of the Series 2017 issuance, including an original issue premium of \$3,053,990, were used to purchase securities that were deposited in trust under an escrow agreement sufficient in amount to pay future principal, interest and redemption premiums on the redeemed bonds. This advance refunding transaction resulted in an extinguishment of debt since the Project was legally released from its obligation on the Series 2007A bonds at the time of redemption.

As a result of the refunding, the Project obtained an economic gain of approximately \$2,798,000. The total decrease in aggregate debt service payments from the refunding totals approximately \$3,293,000.

In accordance with the trust indenture, the Project is required to produce a coverage ratio, as defined, of not less than 1.20 as of the last day of each fiscal year. The project did meet the coverage ratio as of June 30, 2024.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

4. BONDS PAYABLE - continued

Future payments on bonds payable are due as follows as of June 30, 2024:

Year ending June 30,:	 Total	Principal		Principal Interest		Interest
2025	\$ 3,480,000	\$	1,960,000	\$	1,520,000	
2026	3,462,750		2,045,000		1,417,750	
2027	3,460,250		2,150,000		1,310,250	
2028	3,457,250		2,260,000		1,197,250	
2029	3,448,750		2,370,000		1,078,750	
2030-2034	14,824,500		11,105,000		3,719,500	
2035-2038	 11,287,000		10,470,000		817,000	
	 43,420,500		32,360,000		11,060,500	
Plus unamortized bond premium	 1,638,283		1,638,283			
	\$ 45,058,783	\$	33,998,283	\$	11,060,500	
2035-2038	\$ 11,287,000 43,420,500 1,638,283	\$	10,470,000 32,360,000 1,638,283	\$	817,000 11,060,500	

Activity in bonds payable for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 is summarized as follows:

Balance June 30, 2022	\$ 38,161,185
Amortization of bond premium	(245,224)
Principal payments	(1,810,000)
Balance June 30, 2023	36,105,961
Amortization of bond premium	(232,678)
Principal payments	(1,875,000)
Balance June 30, 2024	\$ 33,998,283
Due within one year	\$ 1,960,000

Notes to Financial Statements For the Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

5. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Ground Lease

The land underlying the Project is leased from the State of Maryland under a non-cancellable operating lease, as consolidated, amended and restated on June 6, 2012, expiring the earlier of March 27, 2047 or the date on which the bonds have been fully repaid. The annual rent under the lease for the 2007 lease parcel (West Village Student Housing) is \$1. At closing for the 2007 bonds, a leasehold payment of \$1,750,000 was made to the University for the leasehold interest during the term of the ground lease for the 2007 lease parcel. This payment is being amortized to ground rent expense over the term of the bonds. If on any release date funds are not eligible, under the terms of the trust indenture, to distribute the Ground Rent, the amounts shall remain in the account until eligible on any future release date. Variable lease costs are recognized in the period in which they are incurred and relate to Ground Rent, taxes, utilities and operating expenses. Upon the expiration of the lease, the Project shall surrender and deliver up possession of the student housing facilities and any fixtures, structures, and other improvements thereon, subject to and without any liability on the part of the Project for the then existing condition and state of repair of such property excepting the Project's obligations, as defined in the lease agreement. Accrued ground rent will exceed ground rent expense to the extent that cumulative additions to ground rent expense are greater than the amount of cash available in the surplus fund for ground rent payments. Accrued ground rent will be reduced for ground rent payments and to the extent that negative ground rent expense can be credited against past due ground rent payments. Cumulative negative ground rent expense in excess of accrued ground rent may be deducted against ground rent due and payable for the succeeding year and shall not be refundable. Ground rent amortization expense was \$54,545 for each of the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023. The annual rent under the lease for the 1999 lease parcel (Millennium Hall Student Housing) is equal to "net revenues" from the Millennium Hall facility, as defined. Ground rent expense for the 1999 lease parcel was \$0 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023.

In accordance with the Ground Lease Agreement, a Memorandum of Understanding effective July 2, 2003, and an Amended and Restated Memorandum of Understanding effective April 2, 2007, the Lessee (MEDCO) shall create, hold and maintain a single fund for all Projects, referred to in each Ground Lease as the operating reserve fund to be held and used in accordance with each Ground Lease and Memorandum.

From monies which otherwise would be rent, MEDCO is authorized to make annual deposits to the operating reserve fund on or before November 30 of each year, in the amount of \$20,000 for each of the Bowie State University, Salisbury University and the University of Maryland, Baltimore Projects, and commencing in November, 2009, \$20,000 for the Towson University Project, and commencing in November, 2011, \$40,000 for the University of Maryland, College Park Project; provided however, if the deposit of the full amount would cause the operating reserve fund to exceed the maximum amount per the Amended and Restated Memorandum of Understanding, the amount deposited under each ground lease shall be reduced proportionately.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

5. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES – continued

Ground Lease – continued

As a result of the decreases in revenue and cash flow experienced during the COVID-19 pandemic, and in accordance with an Agreement reached with the University dated December 14, 2020, the Project received an advance of \$125,000 and \$250,000 in fiscal year 2021 and 2022, respectively, from the Operating Reserve Fund necessary to undertake critical capital expenditures. The project made a payment of \$124,762 out of available cash in the Trust Surplus Fund in fiscal year 2023.

Litigation

Lawsuits and claims are filed against the Project from time to time in the ordinary course of business. The Project does not believe that any lawsuits or claims pending against the Project, individually or in the aggregate, are material, or will have a material adverse effect on the Project's financial condition or results of operations.